

WealthSelect Managed Blend Portfolios

Monthly commentary - Review of February 2024



Marcus Brookes
Chief Investment Officer

Our market summary

While global equities delivered robust gains in February, bond markets retreated as investors pared back expectations for interest-rate cuts in the face of stronger than expected inflation and economic data. Buoyed by the same resilient economic data, strong US company earnings numbers and a sharp bounce in Chinese equities following the latest raft of policy initiatives, global equities delivered 5%. China was the top-performing regional equity market. Its return of 9.1% boosted Asian and emerging markets. Meanwhile, bond prices fell with <u>US Treasuries</u> and <u>UK gilts</u> among the worst casualties.

Equity markets



Despite US inflation remaining higher than expected, with five of the <u>Magnificent Seven</u> reporting earnings, and exceptional share-price gains for the likes of Meta and Nvidia, major US equity indices continued to register new all-time highs. US equities gained 6.1% in a month when 75% of US companies to report earnings, beat analysts' expectations. <u>Consumer discretionary</u> and industrial stocks led the market while defensive sectors trailed.



Europe's equity markets trailed developed markets but still returned 2.7%. Along the way, European market indices passed new record highs, surpassing those set more than two years ago. The renewed excitement toward AI stocks helped to lift Europe's technology stocks late in the period. Consumer discretionary and industrial stocks also outperformed while more interest-rate sensitive areas, such as real estate and utilities, trailed.



UK equities eked out a 0.4% gain in the face of a technical <u>recession</u> after UK GDP shrank 0.3% in the last quarter of 2023 (to deliver two consecutive quarters of decline). Meanwhile, UK inflation remaining steady at 4%, and strong wage growth, deterred hopes of interest-rate cuts while analysts cut their UK profit forecasts. Industrial, financial and consumer discretionary stocks made modest gains while <u>consumer staples</u>, real estate and materials stocks declined.



Chinese equities bounced back from five-year lows to deliver 9.1%, thanks to Chinese New Year spending, cuts to mortgage rates, curbs on short selling and major stock purchases by state-owned entities. This boosted emerging markets, which gained 5.5%. Korea, Taiwan, and Saudia Arabia were among the top performers as were Peru, Chile, and Poland. India, Brazil, South Africa, Greece, and Turkey all underperformed the broader emerging market index.

Fixed income



Although annual US consumer price inflation (CPI) dropped to 3.1% in January, from 3.4% a month before, the smaller than expected decline piled more pressure on government bonds as investors re-appraised the outlook for interest-rate cuts. US Treasuries fell more than 1% while UK gilts retreated due to robust wage growth, which likewise impacted the likelihood of interest-rate cuts. Although <u>corporate bonds</u> fared better, they still declined slightly.

Source: Quilter Investors as at 29 February 2024. Total return, percentage growth in pounds sterling except where shown, rounded to one decimal place. The performance shown for global equities is represented by the MSCI AC World Index; developed market equities by the MSCI World Index; US equities by the MSCI USA Index; European equities by the MSCI Europe ex UK Index; UK equities by the MSCI United Kingdom All Cap Index; UK smaller companies by the MSCI United Kingdom Small Cap Index; emerging markets by the MSCI Emerging Markets Index.

Performance review

February saw equity markets continuing to push higher, buoyed by a robust fourth quarter earnings season and stronger than expected economic data, particularly in the US and Europe. Emerging markets fared better than of late, thanks to a strong bounce in Chinese equities. <u>Government bonds</u> weakened as markets continued to reassess the timing of interest-rate cuts in 2024, while corporate bonds fared slightly better, but still declined. Our allocation to <u>alternatives</u> helped offset the weakness in fixed-income markets, with all our holdings here delivering modest gains.

Against this backdrop, the WealthSelect Managed Blend Portfolios all delivered positive returns, rising from 0.3% at risk-level 3, to 3% at risk-level 10.



Stuart
Clark
Portfolio Manager

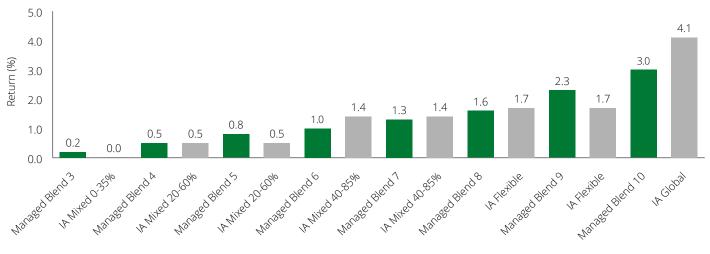


Helen Bradshaw Portfolio Manager



Bethan
Dixon
Portfolio Manager

Monthly performance (%)



Performance summary (%)

| | Cumulative performance | | | | | | Discrete annual performance to end of February | | | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|------|--------|--------|--------|-----------------|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 1 month | YTD | 1 year | 3 year | 5 year | Since launch | 2023 - 2024 | 2022 - 2023 | 2021 - 2022 | 2020 - 2021 | 2019 - 2020 |
| Managed Blend 3 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 5.8 | 4.5 | 18.6 | 44.9 | 5.8 | -2.2 | 1.0 | 7.8 | 5.3 |
| IA Mixed 0-35% Shares | 0.0 | -0.5 | 4.1 | -1.4 | 7.4 | 28.0 | 4.1 | -5.6 | 0.4 | 3.5 | 5.2 |
| Managed Blend 4 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 6.2 | 7.0 | 23.4 | 57.1 | 6.2 | -1.1 | 1.9 | 9.6 | 5.3 |
| IA Mixed 20-60% Shares | 0.5 | 0.1 | 4.7 | 3.1 | 14.9 | 41.9 | 4.7 | -3.0 | 1.6 | 6.6 | 4.6 |
| Managed Blend 5 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 6.7 | 9.0 | 27.7 | 68.9 | 6.7 | -0.5 | 2.7 | 11.2 | 5.3 |
| IA Mixed 20-60% Shares | 0.5 | 0.1 | 4.7 | 3.1 | 14.9 | 41.9 | 4.7 | -3.0 | 1.6 | 6.6 | 4.6 |
| Managed Blend 6 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 7.1 | 11.9 | 32.4 | 79.7 | 7.1 | 0.8 | 3.7 | 12.8 | 4.8 |
| IA Mixed 40-85% Shares | 1.4 | 1.3 | 6.3 | 9.5 | 27.7 | 68.3 | 6.3 | -1.1 | 4.2 | 10.9 | 5.2 |
| Managed Blend 7 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 7.5 | 14.5 | 37.0 | 91.3 | 7.5 | 2.0 | 4.5 | 14.4 | 4.5 |
| IA Mixed 40-85% Shares | 1.4 | 1.3 | 6.3 | 9.5 | 27.7 | 68.3 | 6.3 | -1.1 | 4.2 | 10.9 | 5.2 |
| Managed Blend 8 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 7.9 | 17.5 | 43.1 | 104.8 | 7.9 | 3.3 | 5.5 | 16.2 | 4.7 |
| IA Flexible | 1.7 | 1.7 | 6.2 | 9.8 | 30.2 | 73.6 | 6.2 | -0.2 | 3.7 | 13.4 | 4.6 |
| Managed Blend 9 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 9.6 | 20.4 | 51.5 | 129.4 | 9.6 | 3.8 | 5.8 | 19.8 | 5.0 |
| IA Flexible | 1.7 | 1.7 | 6.2 | 9.8 | 30.2 | 73.6 | 6.2 | -0.2 | 3.7 | 13.4 | 4.6 |
| Managed Blend 10 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 11.5 | 22.4 | 58.0 | 155.5 | 11.5 | 4.3 | 5.3 | 22.5 | 5.4 |
| IA Global | 4.1 | 4.5 | 12.9 | 22.3 | 60.5 | 152.8 | 12.9 | 1.5 | 6.7 | 22.8 | 6.9 |

Source: Quilter Investors as at 29 February 2024. Total return, percentage growth, rounded to one decimal place. All performance figures are shown after the deduction of the charges of the underlying funds, but before the deduction of the Managed Portfolio Service charge. The deduction of this charge will impact on the performance shown. The WealthSelect Managed Blend Portfolios launched on 24 February 2014.

Investment outlook

Continued strength in the US economy and another robust US corporate earnings season has pushed US equity markets to record new highs. Meanwhile, the Japanese equity market broke through the record high it set in 1989, and there were some preliminary signs of improvement in Europe. However, we see a more balanced outlook between the prospect for a <u>soft landing</u>, the prospect for a recession and the prospect for a further acceleration in economic activity. This puts us at odds with equity markets, which are currently pricing-in a much higher probability of a soft landing than we are.

1. Real gains for consumers

Much headway has been made in the fight against inflation over the past year in the US, Europe, and UK. This is leading to positive real (meaning post-inflation) wage growth for the first time in several years. Alongside strong labour markets, this has bolstered hard-hit consumers at a time when the excess savings built up during lockdown are being drained by high interest rates and the ongoing cost-of-living crisis.

2. Last mile is the toughest

It's too soon to celebrate a victory against inflation. The last mile, namely bringing inflation back to central bank target levels, tends to be a bumpy and protracted one. The tailwind from the unwinding of supply-chain shocks is fading, shifting the focus to labour markets and how they will impact the course of inflation from here. Ongoing tensions in the Middle East and the Red Sea also present rising geopolitical risks.

3. Central banks still walking the line

Life isn't getting any easier for central banks. Prematurely easing interest rates could stoke inflation, forcing them to raise rates again. Equally, much has been written about the trailing impact of interest-rate rises, while delaying interest-rate cuts for too long could see economic data deteriorate. Consequently, we retain a cautious stance while gently pivoting our exposure towards assets that represent better value.



Please visit our website at **www.quilter.com** for all the latest news, views, and portfolio information.

Your financial adviser is on hand to discuss anything related to your investment decisions or the suitability of the products mentioned in this document.

If you are a financial adviser and you have any questions or want to find out more about our solutions, please speak to one of our investment directors on +44 (0)207 167 3700, email us at *enquiries@quilter.com*, or visit our website at *www.quilter.com*.



Need additional help reading documents?

More and more of our investors are using screen reading software as a quick and easy way to read their documentation if they are blind, partially sighted, or dyslexic. Alternatively, we can write to you in several alternative formats, such as large print, braille, audio, and OpenDyslexic font.

Find out more about screen readers, accessing your documents online, and our alternative format options at **www.quilter.com/document-help**.

Important information

Past performance is not a guide to future performance and may not be repeated.

Investment involves risk. The value of investments and the income from them may go down as well as up and investors may not get back the amount originally invested. Because of this, an investor is not certain to make a profit on an investment and may lose money. Exchange rates may cause the value of overseas investments to rise or fall.

quilter.com

Please be aware that calls and electronic communications may be recorded for monitoring, regulatory and training purposes and records are available for at least five years.

The WealthSelect Managed Portfolio Service is provided by Quilter Investment Platform Limited and Quilter Life & Pensions Limited. "Quilter" is the trading name of Quilter Investment Platform Limited (which also provides an Individual Savings Account (ISA), Junior ISA (IISA) and Collective Investment Account (CIA)) and Quilter Life & Pensions Limited (which also provides a Collective Retirement Account (CRA) and Collective Investment Bonds (CIB)).

Quilter Investment Platform Limited and Quilter Life & Pensions Limited are registered in England and Wales under numbers 1680071 and 4163431 respectively. Registered office at Senator House, 85 Queen Victoria Street, London, United Kingdom, EC4V 4AB. Quilter Investment Platform Limited is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority. Quilter Life & Pensions Limited is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and the Prudential Regulation Authority. Their Financial Services register numbers are 165359 and 207977 respectively. VAT number 386 1301 59.

Quilter uses all reasonable skill and care in compiling the information in this communication and in ensuring its accuracy, but no assurances or warranties are given. You should not rely on the information in this communication in making investment decisions. Nothing in this communication constitutes advice or personal recommendation.

Data from third parties ("Third-Party Data") may be included in this communication and those third parties do not accept any liability for errors and omissions. Therefore, you should make sure you understand certain important information, which can be found at www.quilter.com/third-party-data/. Where this communication contains Third-Party Data, Quilter Investors cannot guarantee the accuracy, reliability or completeness of such Third-Party Data and accepts no responsibility or liability whatsoever in respect of such Third-Party Data. QI 26586/29/6511/March 2024/SK22302